

# Bacterial Wilt Resistance - Greenhouse/Controlled Environment

*Clavibacter michiganense* subsp. *insidiosum* (McCull) Davis et al [Syns. *Corynebacterium insidiosum* (McCull.) H.L. Jones] J.E. Brummer and S.L Nygaard

## PLANT CULTURE

Container ..... Bench or tub with adequate depth for root development (6-8 inches)  
 Media..... Soil Mix (1:2:1; Top soil: sand: sphagnum/perlite) adequate lime and fertilizer (0:24:24)  
 Temp/light ..... 24° to 30°C.; 16+ hour daylength  
 No. of Plants ..... 50-60 per replication  
 No. of Reps ..... 4 replications  
 Other..... Inoculate with *Rhizobium meliloti*

## INOCULUM CULTURE

Source..... Infected root tissue  
 Storage..... Washed frozen root tissue  
 Temperatur ..... - 10°C .  
 Storage Life ..... Several years if tissue remains frozen

## INOCULATION PROCEDURE

Age of Plant..... 8 weeks old  
 Concentration ..... 100g ground infected root per IL H2O  
 Method ..... Clip roots (6-8 cm from crown) and bare root soak  
 Type of Inoc ..... Bacterial water suspension  
 Time of Inoc ..... 20 min at 24°C or 12 hours at 16°C.

## INCUBATION

Location..... Greenhouse; transplanted into benches or tub  
 Temp/Light..... 20°-24°C; 16 hour daylength  
 Culture..... Clip top growth twice at 5-6 week intervals (at bud or bloom) maintain good growth and control insect pests; fertilize (0-24-24) after each clipping.  
 Spacing..... 2.5 cm between plants and 6 cm between rows  
 Age of Rating ..... 12-14 weeks after transplanting

## RATING

Plants are removed from benches and tap root is sectioned for rating.  
 Resistant ..... Symptomless root or less than one-fourth of the stele expressing a yellow-brown discoloration (discrete small spots).  
 Susceptible..... Discoloration in the root greater than one fourth of the entire root (stele and cortex); dead plant.

## CHECK CULTIVARS

	Approximate Expected Resistance	Acceptable Range (%)
<b>Resistant</b>		
Vernal**	40	30-50
<b>Susceptible</b>		
Narraganset**	2	0-5
Sonora**	2	0-5

## CORRELATION TO FIELD REACTION

There is a good correlation between results of this test and visual root scores and plant vigor in naturally infested fields.

## SCIENTIST WITH EXPERTISE AND SOURCE OF INOCULUM

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## REFERENCES

See Bacterial Wilt field protocol; In: STCAC